## Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District 2022

We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of the water and the services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water, and we are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

The Drinking Water Source Protection Plan for Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District (WCWSID) is available for your review. It contains information about source protection zones, potential contamination sources, and management strategies to protect our drinking water. Potential contamination sources common in our protected areas are public roads in the subdivisions. Our sources have a low level of susceptibility to potential contamination. We have also developed management strategies to further protect our sources from contamination. Please contact us if you have questions or concerns about our source protection plan.

There are many connections to our water distribution system. When connections are properly installed and maintained, the concerns are very minimal. However, unapproved, and improper piping changes or connections can adversely affect not only the availability but also the quality of the water. A cross-connection may let polluted water or even chemicals mingle into the water supply system when not properly protected. This not only compromises the water quality but can also affect your health. So, what can you do? Do not make or allow improper connections at your homes. Even that unprotected garden hose lying in the puddle next to the driveway is a cross-connection. The unprotected lawn sprinkler system after you have fertilized or sprayed is also a cross-connection. When the cross-connection is allowed to exist at your home, it will affect you and your family first. If you would like to learn more about helping to protect the quality of our water, call us for further information about ways you can help.

We are pleased to report that our drinking water meets federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Rob Thomas at 801-745-3435. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings on the second Thursday of each month at 8:00 am. We also post the Zoom link on our website and on the Public Notice Website. This report will be made available on our Website at www.wcwsid.com.

WCWSID routinely monitors for constituents in our drinking water in accordance with Federal and Utah State laws. The following table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It is important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In the following table, you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we have provided the following definitions: ND/Low - High - For water systems that have multiple sources of water, the Utah Division of Drinking Water has given water systems the option of listing the test results of the constituents in

one table, instead of multiple tables. To accomplish this, the lowest and highest values detected in the multiple sources are recorded in the same space in the report table.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/l) - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Parts per trillion (ppt) or Nanograms per liter (nanograms/l) - one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000.

Parts per quadrillion (ppq) or Picograms per liter (picograms/1) – One Per quadrillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000,000 years or one penny in \$10,000,000,000,000.

*Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)* - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

*Millirems per year (mrem/yr)* – Measure of radiation absorbed by the body.

*Million Fibers per Liter (MFL)* – Million fibers per liter is a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.

*Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)* - Nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

*Date* – Because of required sampling time frames i.e., yearly, 3 years and 4 years and, 6 years, sampling dates may seem outdated.

Waivers (W) – Because some chemicals are not used or stored in areas around drinking water sources, some water systems have been given waivers that exempt them from having to take certain chemical samples, these waivers are also tied to Drinking Water Sources Protection Plans.

TEST RESULTS							
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Level Detected Or ND	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Date Sampled	Likely Source of Contamination
Microbiological (	Contan	inants					
Total Coliform Bacteria	N	0	count	0	Presence of coliform bacteria <5% of monthly samples	2022	Naturally present in the environment
Turbidity for Ground Water	N	0.1	NTU	0	.3	2022	Soil runoff
<b>Inorganic Contar</b>	ninant	S					
Arsenic	N	2.4	ppb	0	10	2022	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards;
Barium	N	0.159	ppm	2	2	2022	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Cyanide	N	3.8	ppb	200	200	2022	
Fluoride	N	0.168	ppm	4	4	2022	Erosion of natural deposits; (Water additive which promotes strong teeth)
Copper a. 90% results b. # of sites that exceed the Action Level (AL)	N	a. 0.281 b. 0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	2020	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Lead a. 90% results b. # of sites that exceed the AL	N	a. 13.5 b.0	ppb	1	AL=15	2020	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	0.341	ppm	10	10	2022	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	9.7	ppm	500	None set by EPA	2022	Erosion of natural deposits; road salt runoff; runoff from landfills
Sulfate	N	7.439	ppm	1000	1000	2022	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills, runoff from cropland
TDS (Total Dissolved Solids	N	108	ppm	2000	2000	2022	Erosion of natural deposits

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by constituents that are naturally occurring or are man-made. Those constituents can be microbes, organic or inorganic chemicals, or radioactive materials. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. WCWSID is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

We at WCWSID work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.



March 22, 2022

Brandi Smith CCR Compliance Division of Drinking Water P.O. Box 144830 Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4830

Dear Ms. Smith

Subject: Consumer Confidence Report for Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District (WCWSID) #29013

Enclosed is a copy of WCWSID's Consumer Confidence Report. It contains the water quality information for our water system for the calendar year 2022 or the most recent sample data.

We have delivered this report directly to our customers by mailing it.

If you have any questions, please contact me at 801-745-3435.

Sincerely,

Rob Thomas

Rob Thomas Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District